

## LAWTON RECALLED.

Gen. Schwan Talks About the General Being Ordered to Manila.

### GEN. LAWTON NOT VERY SANGUINE.

**A Belief That 100,000 Men Will Be Required to Subdue the Hebes—Juntas' Hoods in the Climate—The Climate Defended—Twenty-First Off.**

Washington, April 18.—When a dispatch announcing the recall of Gen. Lawton was reported to Brig. Gen. Schwan, acting adjutant general, he said it was in accordance with the understanding of the war department as to the purpose of Gen. Lawton's campaign:

Gen. Otis sent this expedition to southern Luzon for the purpose of destroying any insurgent forces that might be found there, to make a careful reconnaissance of the territory and to spread broadcast the recent proclamation of the Philippine commission, setting forth the purposes of this government with respect to the islands. I understand that he will release all prisoners that he has taken, and that they will be sent to their homes. By this action it is proposed to prove to the Filipinos that the Americans are not as barbarous as the insurgents pretend we are, and that we propose to treat the Filipinos humanely.

"Why is Gen. Lawton needed at Manila?" was asked, to which Gen. Schwan answered:

Gen. Otis has not communicated his plans to the department, the matter being left entirely to his discretion. The insurgent leader has established his headquarters at San Fernando, to the northwest of Malolos, and I suppose Gen. Otis contemplates a movement against that city. Gen. Lawton only had 1,500 men under his command and it was, of course, impossible for him to divide his force by stationing detachments in every village captured. His command will be useful, however, in assisting in the advance on Malolos, or in reinforcing the line about the city of Manila. It is possible that when the lake rises Gen. Otis will resume the campaign in the southern part of the island.

### GEN. LAWTON NOT VERY SANGUINE.

Manila, April 17.—Maj. Gen. Lawton yesterday authorized this statement: "The present prospect is that 100,000 troops will be necessary to pacify the Philippine islands." Gen. Lawton's expedition has been ordered to Manila and will return there immediately. All the territory he captured will be evacuated and all the launches he seized will be restored to their original owners; that is to say, they will be given back to the persons from whom Aguinaldo's soldiers took them. After giving the opinion that 100,000 men will be required to subdue these islands, Gen. Lawton explained the situation as follows: "The difficulties in the way are those of fighting guerrillas in a tropical country. With my brigade I could force my way from one end of the island to the other if I did not have to hold the territory I traversed. But leaving garrisons behind would soon eat up the whole force." Gen. Lawton regretted exceedingly being compelled to evacuate the territory he captured.

### PLACE HOPE IN THE CLIMATE.

Hong Kong, April 18.—Dr. Gallicano Apacible, the head of the Filipina junta here, says:

We are weak and you are strong, but we have an ally and you have none. We have 70,000 stands of arms and 30,000 troops in the field and sufficient material to make cartridges to supply our troops for four years to come. Our ally is the climate of the Philippines. Your bullets cannot kill one of our men where disease will kill 20 of yours. Once you begin your advance into the interior, we will harass your advance at the same time that we welcome it. We cannot fight pitched battles with you, and we do not need to. We shall be there to-day and there to-morrow, attacking, then flying. You can no more catch us or conquer us than you can the wind.

### THE CLIMATE DEFENDED.

Washington, April 18.—The state department has published a report from United States Consul Williams at Manila in which he refutes the statements regarding the health and climate of the Philippines. During the last year he says he heard of no temperature in the islands below 57 degrees and none above 95 degrees in the sun. The city of Manila is swept by sea breezes and has an abundant and good water supply. The death rate is small and with proper care one may be entirely healthy.

### TWENTY-FIRST OFF FOR MANILA.

San Francisco, April 18.—The United States transport Hancock sailed yesterday for Manila with the Twenty-first infantry regiment. Several other transports will depart during the week. The Grant, with invalided soldiers and many dead bodies on board, is due here within a few days.

### Chicago to Be the Center.

Chicago, April 18.—Chicago is to be the center of a great union of organizations, composed of German-Americans, who are antagonistic to any plans that would bring about an alliance between the United States and a foreign power. This was the enthusiastic sentiment of the representatives of two score of German societies last night at Scheller hall. Offers of hearty co-operation were received from half a dozen cities scattered throughout the country.

### Smallpox Situation at Cushing.

Guthrie, Ok., April 18.—The smallpox situation at the Indian village near Cushing is much improved. There have been 35 deaths and there are now 21 cases in the hospital. Thirty patients have recovered, while 41 of the village residents have escaped the disease.

## ABRAM S. HEWITT'S VIEW.

**He Says Trusts Will Absorb the Industrial Business of the Country and Labor Will Absorb the Trusts.**

Washington, April 15.—The industrial commission recently requested ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, of New York, to appear before it and give his views on industrial questions. He was unable to attend because of ill health, but sent a letter in which he says:

Corporations have continued to grow and at the present moment they threaten to absorb the entire industrial business of the country which is capable of being administered by centralized management. It seems to me to be in accordance with the evolution which has taken place within the last half century. My own view is that when industry has been sufficiently centralized and the ownership widely diffused through the distribution of shares, the workman will gradually acquire these shares and control the property which they represent. In fact I cannot see any other outcome of the present movement towards the consolidation of industrial enterprises than the transfer of the control to those who are actually engaged in the work of operation. How far legislation can be made to promote this desirable end I am unable either to predict or suggest. As a general suggestion I regard legislative interference with capital and labor as pernicious.

### MILES ON ARMY CANTEEN.

**He Issues a General Order Further Elucidating the Technical Points of the Much-Disputed Law.**

Washington, April 15.—Maj. Gen. Miles has issued a general order to the army promulgating the law passed at the last session of congress in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors in army canteens or on military reservations. The recent opinion of Attorney General Griggs construing the statute is given in full, and is accompanied by the following special instructions for the enforcement of the law as thus construed:

So much of paragraph 10 of the said exchange regulations as required that "the canteen must be in a room used for no other purpose and, when practicable, in a building apart from that in which the recreation and reading rooms are located: the sale of beer must be limited to week days and the beer consumed upon the premises," and that the "practice known as 'treating' will not be permitted," is amended by the addition thereto of the provisions that no officer shall be assigned, nor any private soldier detailed, to sell intoxicating drinks, as a bartender or otherwise, in any post exchange or canteen, and that such sales shall be made only by civilians employed for that purpose.

### "Alger Will Not Resign."

Washington, April 15.—Secretary Alger last night put an effective quietus on the persistent reports that he contemplated retirement from the cabinet by a positive and unequivocal statement that the reports were absolutely without foundation; that, unless some unforeseen and unlooked for contingency arises, he proposes to remain secretary of war throughout this administration. He had his attention called to recent rumors that he would resign after the investigation into the conduct of the war and incidental matters ceases and that his successor already had been determined upon.

### Low Rates for the G. A. R.

Chicago, April 15.—For the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held at Philadelphia September 4 to 9, the eastern roads have agreed to make a rate of one fare for the round trip from Chicago and all points in Central Passenger association territory. The same rates will be made over all lines, standard and differential alike. It will also apply to New York. Tickets will be placed on sale September 1 to 4, inclusive, good for return up to September 15.

### Bryan and Stanley Will Speak.

Kansas City, Mo., April 15.—The committee having in charge the national encampment of the Modern Woodmen, which will assemble in Kansas City during the week of June 6 to 10, is now making active preparations for the entertainment of the thousands of guests who are expected to be here from all over the United States. Gov. W. E. Stanley, of Kansas, and W. J. Bryan have accepted invitations to make addresses during the week.

### Consuls Ordered to Their Posts in Spain.

Washington, April 15.—The secretary of state has directed the return to their posts in Spain of the United States consuls who were obliged to leave on account of the war. The department has determined that they shall all be retained in the consular service, there being no ill-feeling incurred by them. The sub-consular officers mostly remained in Spain throughout the war and they will also be continued in the service.

### Whipping at Reform School Abolished.

Topeka, Kan., April 15.—Superintendent J. O. Butler is trying some experiments in the management of the reform school. He has abolished whippings, and the obnoxious boys are now punished by confinement. The result is being closely watched by the employees at the institution, and those who believe in strict discipline say that the institution is becoming demoralized under the new order of things.

### Cuban Army Muster Rolls.

Havana, April 15.—The Cuban army muster rolls, which were delivered to Gov. Gen. Brooke through Senor Domingo Mendez Capote, are prepared in neat clerical style, the 1,400 broad sheets showing on their face 48,000 names—6,000 commissioned officers and 42,000 non-commissioned officers and privates. The whole statement is an orderly arrangement of corps, regiments, battalion and company scores.

## HIS OLD YELLOW ALMANAC.

I left the farm when mother died, and changed my place of dwelling. To daughter Susie's stylish house, right in the city street. And there was them, before I came, that sort of scared me tellin' How I would find the town-folks' ways so difficult to meet.

They said I'd have no comfort in the rustlin' fixed-up throng, And I'd have to wear stiff collars every weekday right along. I find I take to city ways just like a duck to water. I like the racket and the noise, and never tire of shows: And there's no end of comfort in the mansion of my daughter, And everything is right at hand, and money freely flows: And hired help is all about, just listenin' for my call, But I miss the yellow almanac off my kitchen wall.

The house is full of calendars from attic to the cellar: They're painted in all colors, and are fancy-like to see. But just in this particular I'm not a modern feller, And the yellow-covered almanac is good enough for me: I'm used to it, I've seen it round from boyhood to old age, And I rather like the jokin' at the bottom of each page.

I like the way the "S" stood out to show the week's beginning (In these new-fangled calendars the days seemed sort of mixed), And the man upon the cover, though he wasn't exactly winnin' With lungs and liver all exposed, still showing how we are fixed: And the letters, credentials that was writ to Mr. Ayer, I've often, on a rainy day, found readin' very fair.

I tried to find one recently; there wa'n't one in the city. They toted out great calendars in every sort of style: I looked at 'em in cold disdain, and answered 'em in pity: "I'd rather have my almanac than all that costly pile." And, though I take to city life, I'm lonesome, after all, For that old yellow almanac upon my kitchen wall.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox, in the Century.

### DUCKS OR STOCKS?

**An Investment That Pays Better Than Dabbling in Stocks on Tips.**

A circular sent out by a firm of tipsters says: "It is now over three years since we first addressed you about our stock operations. During that time had you invested \$100 at the beginning and compounded your profits, your \$100 would now be nearly \$4,775. Is there any business that will pay you better than \$4,775 profits on \$100 capital in three years?" A copy of the circular fell into the hands of a man who made this rejoinder:

"The answer is, yes—ducks, tame, puddle, muscovy, Pekin, or any other breed. A little girl had 15 cents with which she bought a sitting of duck eggs. She borrowed a brooding chicken hen from her mother, and all the eggs were hatched out. Her profits for the first six months were \$8, and she kept three hens and a drake for the next six months' operations. It is fair to presume that her profits will be at least \$8 for each six months: one year \$16; three years, \$48. Divide \$48 by her 15 cents and the quotient will be 320—that is, each of her 15 cents will produce 320 cents; or \$1 or 100 cents the profit will be 32,000 cents, or \$320; on \$100 capital the profit would be \$32,000, against the \$4,775. Verily a good investment is in duck eggs."

After it is too late a man thinks of a lot of bright things he might have said.—Chicago Daily News.

## Life Saved by Swamp-Root.

**The Great Discovery That Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.**

Statistics prove that more people are brought to the grave by diseases of the kidneys and bladder than by any other disease.

For many years medical science has been trying to discover some remedy that would positively overcome these dangerous troubles.

But not until recently was the discovery made. Doctor Kilmer, the eminent physician and scientist, after years of study and research, and after test on test that never varied in the grand result, announced the discovery of Swamp-Root, which has proven itself a most wonderful cure for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder.

While Swamp-Root has proven such a remarkable success in curing kidney and bladder diseases, it has also proved equally invaluable in the cure of blood diseases, rheumatism, liver and stomach troubles and in the regulation and cure of all uric acid troubles.

Swamp-Root has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief, and has proved so successful in every case, that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and containing some of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women who owe their good health, in fact, their very lives, to the wonderful curative properties of Swamp-Root. Besure and mention this paper when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

This great modern discovery is for sale at most drug-stores in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

## Frank Advice.

Some of the French parish clergymen are in the habit of giving very frank advice to those who come to be married. One of these clerics thus addressed the bride and bridegroom: "It is from the bottom of my heart, Joseph, that I congratulate you upon the great step you are taking. It was, indeed, sad to see you wasting your youth in a life of disgusting drunkenness. However, all's well that ends well, and it pleases me to think that you have said good-by forever to the wineshop. As to you, my poor Catherine, thank Heaven heartily that you have been able, ugly as you are, to find a husband. Never forget that you ought, by an unchangeable sweetness and a devotion without bounds, to try to obtain pardon for your physical imperfections, for, I repeat, you are a real blunder of nature. And now, my dear children, I join you in the holy bonds of matrimony."—Christian Globe.

## A Load Off His Mind.

Mrs. Honkley (severely)—It's not necessary for me to ask where you were and what you were doing last night.

Mr. Honkley (brightening)—I'm glad of that, for I couldn't do it to save myself.—Chicago Evening News.

## How Horrid!

Mabel—Pshaw! Why, you would marry the first man who came along. Lillian—Oh, well, you wouldn't even wait for him to come along if you knew where he was hiding.—Chicago Evening News.

## Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomachs receive it without distress. 1-4 the price of coffee, 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

## Particularly Necessary.

Friend—I understand that, in your line, a man must be very plausible and persuasive.

Drummer—Yes; especially when he's explaining to the firm why he hasn't sold any goods.—Puck.

## Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and In-growing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## They Were Loud Enough.

Wheeler—Bevelgear never has a bell on his bicycle. Searcher—He doesn't need it. Just look at his stockings.—N. Y. Journal.

## The Best Prescription for Chills.

And Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

It's useless to try to kill time, for it will eventually turn the tables on you.—Chicago Daily News.

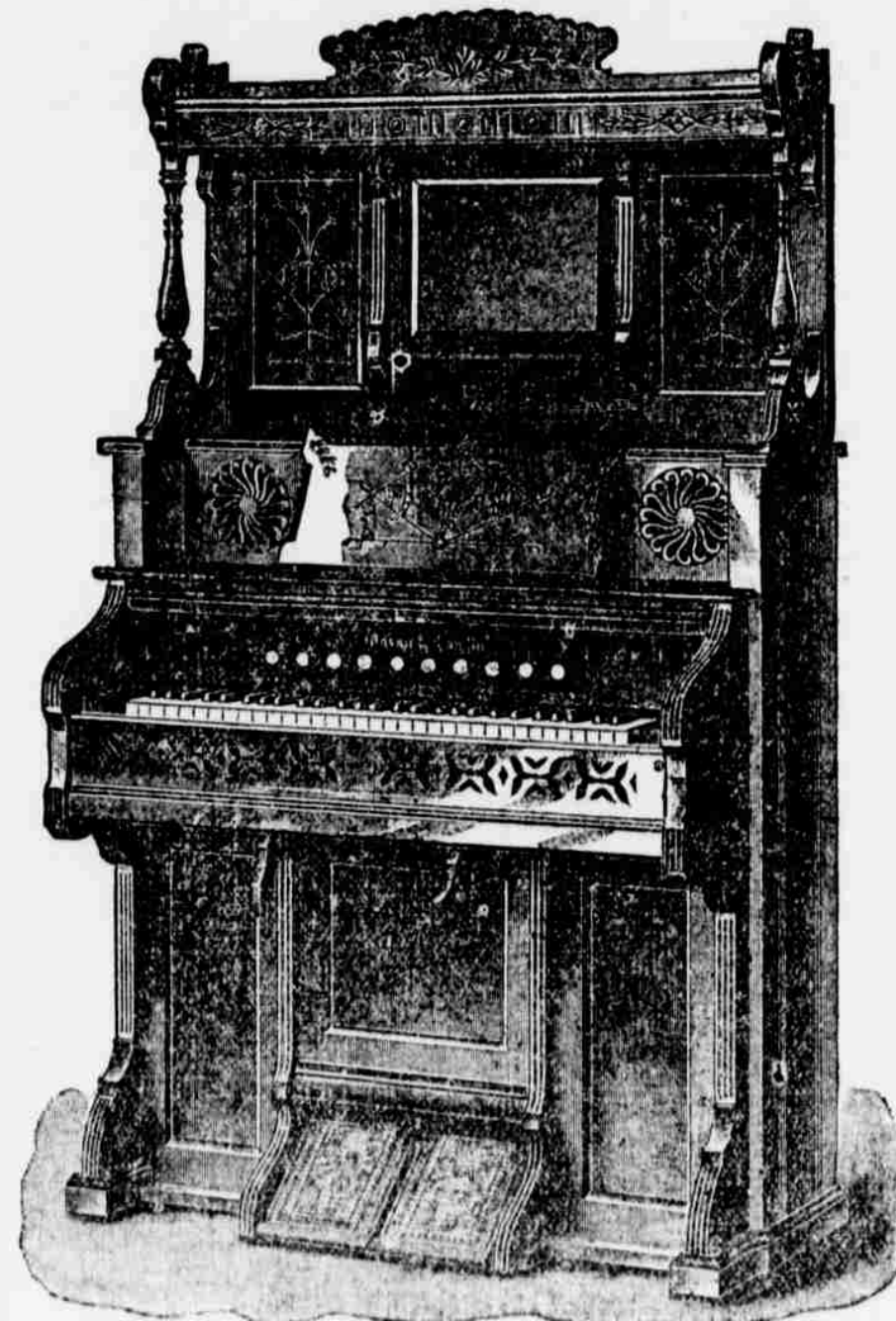
Cure your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

A man gets just what he kicks for at a boarding house. In many homes, a man is less fortunate.—Atchison Globe.

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We make the remarkable offer of our Parlor Organ, as shown in cut, for the extremely low price of

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What do you get for your money?

YOU GET for \$66.50 an instrument which has an actual market value of \$90.00.

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YOU GET with this instrument a stool and book of instruction free.

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YOU GET all this, freight prepaid, with the privilege of a thirty days' trial in your own home. Also, your money will be refunded if this bargain is not exactly as represented in all respects.

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